

$\{0, 1, 2, 3, \dots, 93\}$ PIN₁

$\{00, 01, 02, \dots, 99\}$ PIN₂

$\{000, 001, 002, \dots, 999\}$ PIN₃

$\{0001, 0002, \dots, 9999\}$ PIN₄

$$N(PIN_1) = P(10, 1) = 10 = 10$$

$$N(PIN_2) = P(10, 2) = 10 \cdot 9 = 90$$

$$= P(10, 3) = 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 = 720$$

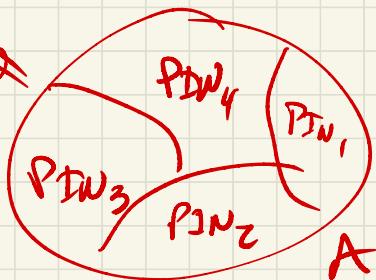
$$= P(10, 4) = 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 = 5040$$

M(A)

$$N(PIN_{[1-4]}) = \sum_{i=1}^4 PIN_i = 5860$$

Mutually disjoint

$$PIN_1 \cap PIN_2 = \emptyset$$



Addition Rule

100 ... 999 are divisible
by 5

Ends in 5 or a 0

$$\begin{array}{r} [1-9] \\ \hline 10 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} [0-9] \\ \hline 9 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} [1-9] \\ \hline 10 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} [0-9] \\ \hline 9 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$90 + 90 = 180$$

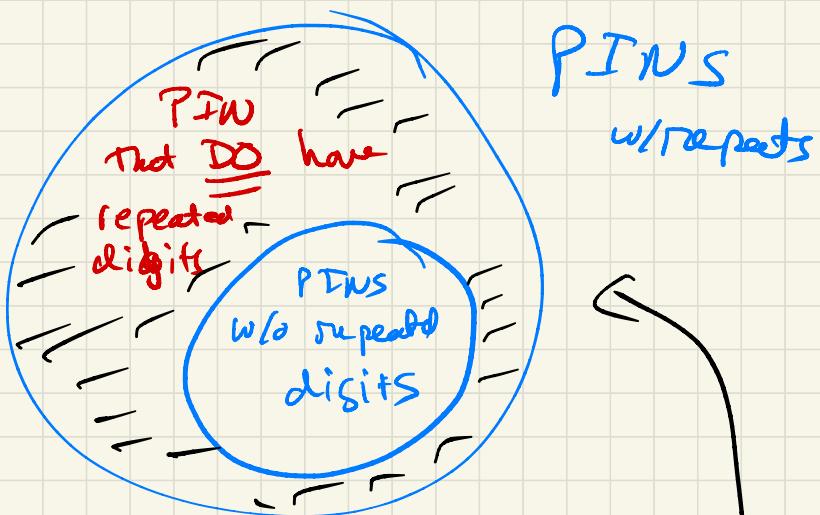
$$\cancel{100} - 999$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \text{Ending} \\ \boxed{9} \\ \hline 9 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} \text{Ending} \\ 5 \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \boxed{0-9} - 2 \\ 10 - 94 - 18 \\ \hline 100 - 999 \\ \hline 180 \\ \hline 200 \end{array}$$

$$\frac{[0-9]}{10} \cdot \frac{[0-9]}{10} \cdot \frac{[0-9]}{10} \cdot \frac{[0-9]}{10} = 10^4 = 10000$$

$$P(10, 4) = 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 = 5040$$



$$N(\text{PINs}) - N(\text{PDWs w/o repeats})$$

$$= N(\text{PINs w/repeats})$$

4000!

What is the number of
piles w/o any 5's

$$\begin{array}{r} \underline{9} \\ \underline{9} \quad \underline{9} \\ [0,1,2,3 \\ 4,6,7,8,9] \end{array} \quad \underline{\underline{9}} = 9^4$$

Total number is 10^4

$10^4 - 9^4$ is the number of piles
with at least one 5.

$$\frac{10^4 - 9^4}{10^4} = 1 - \frac{9^4}{10^4}$$

^{9%}
 $\cancel{9}$

↗

Probability of drawing a
number w/o any 5's